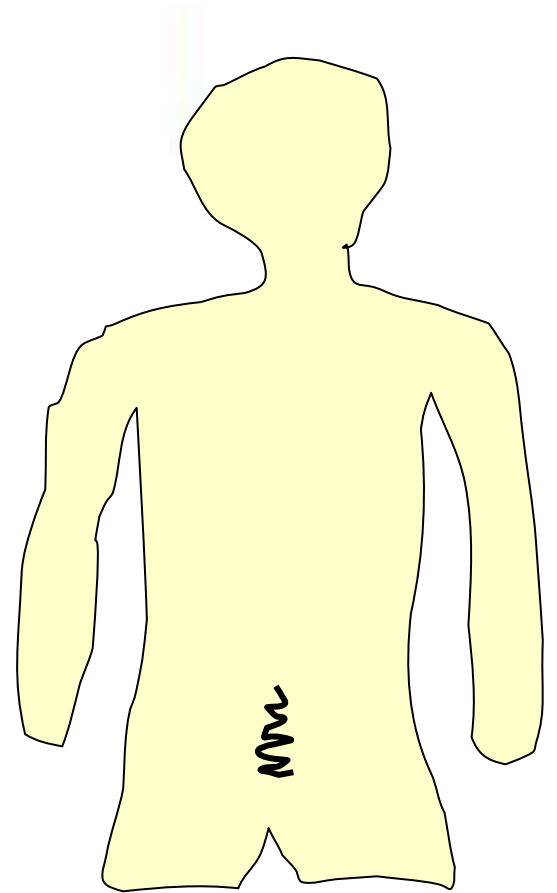
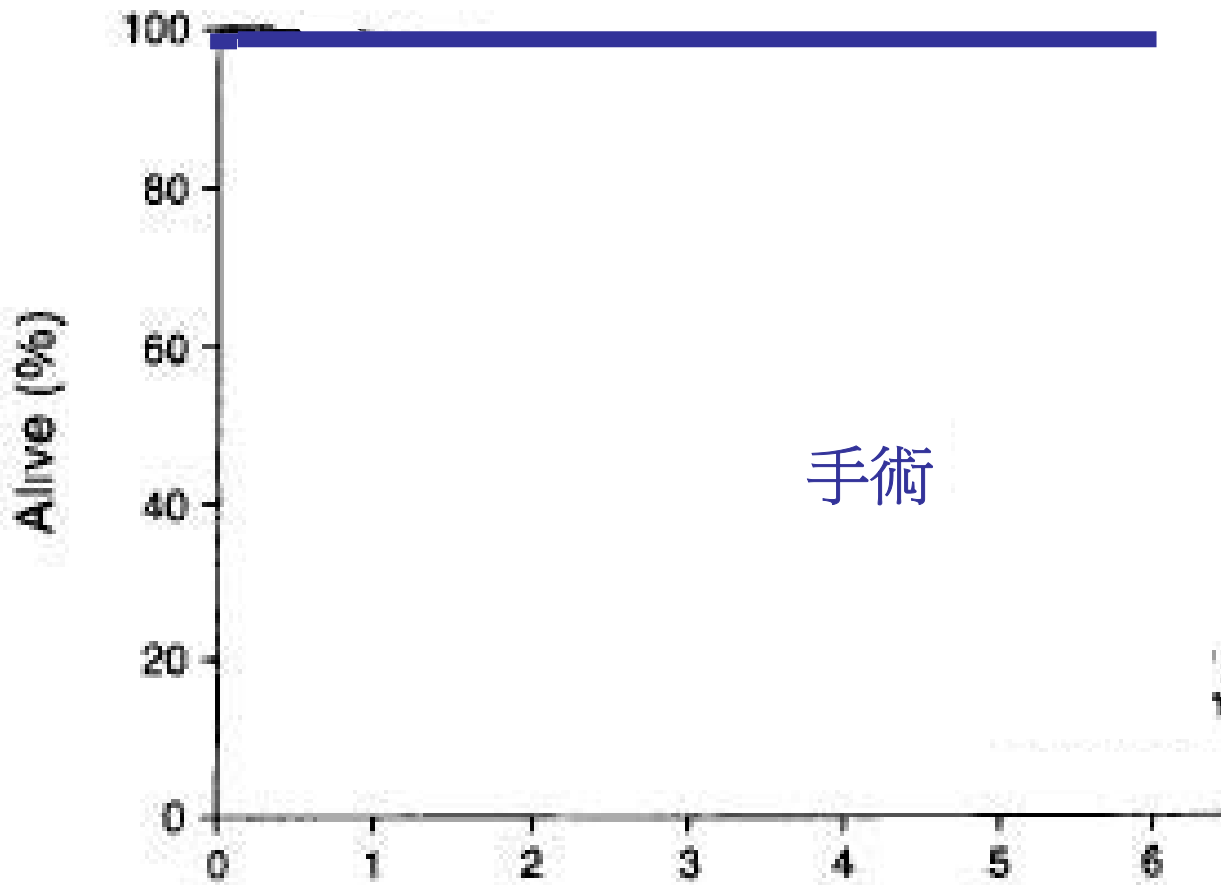


Common Questions About Present Day Cancer Treatment

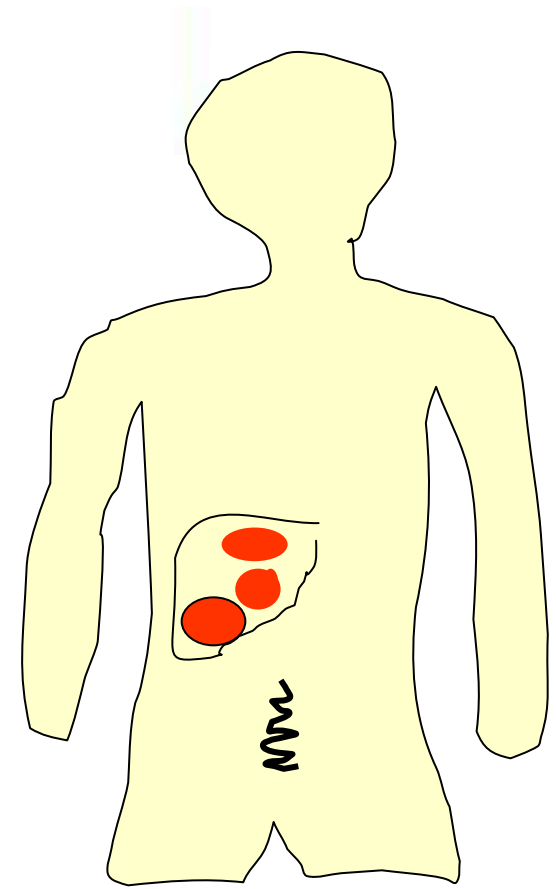
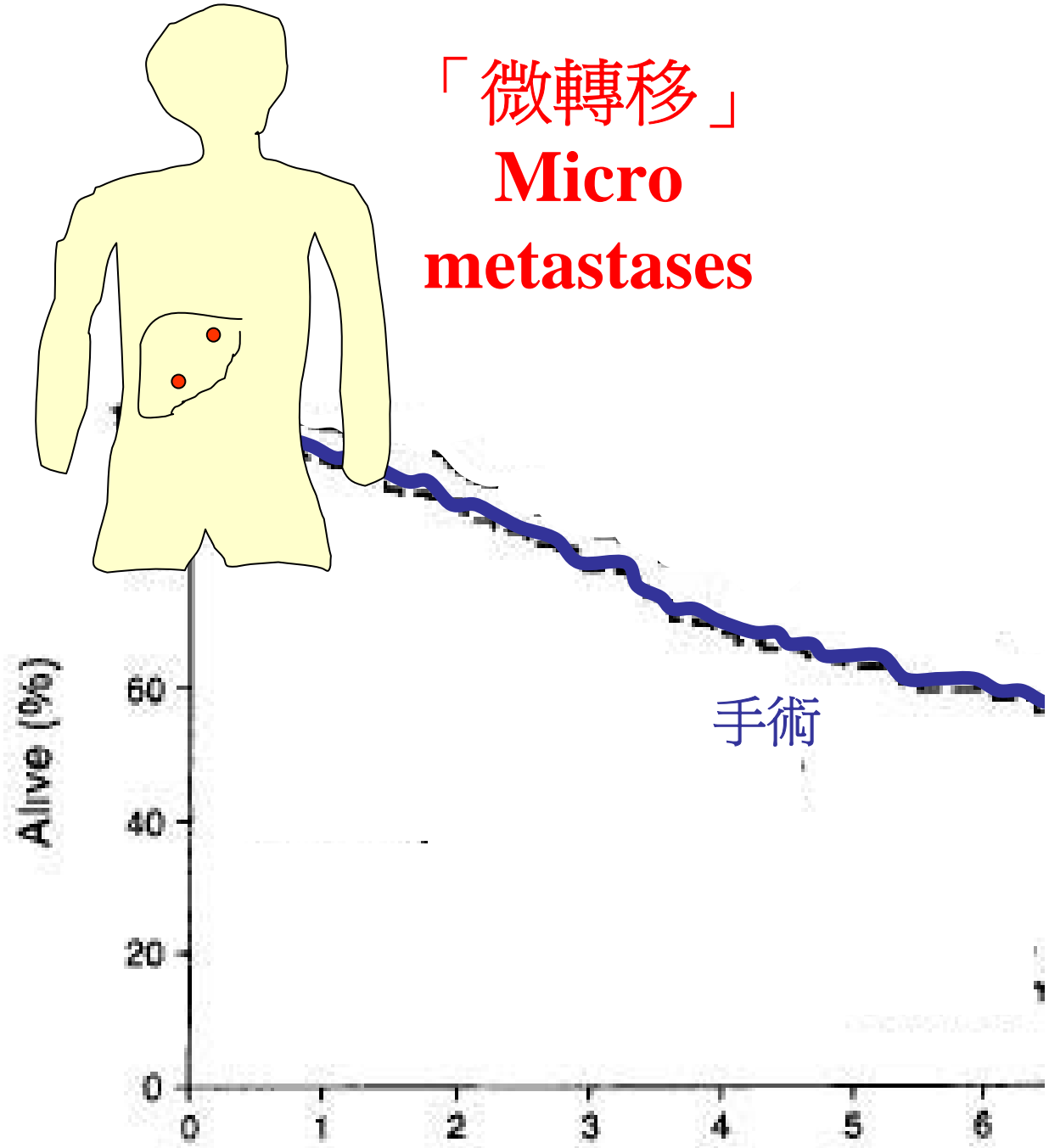
Dr SF Leung

Adjuvant Treatment

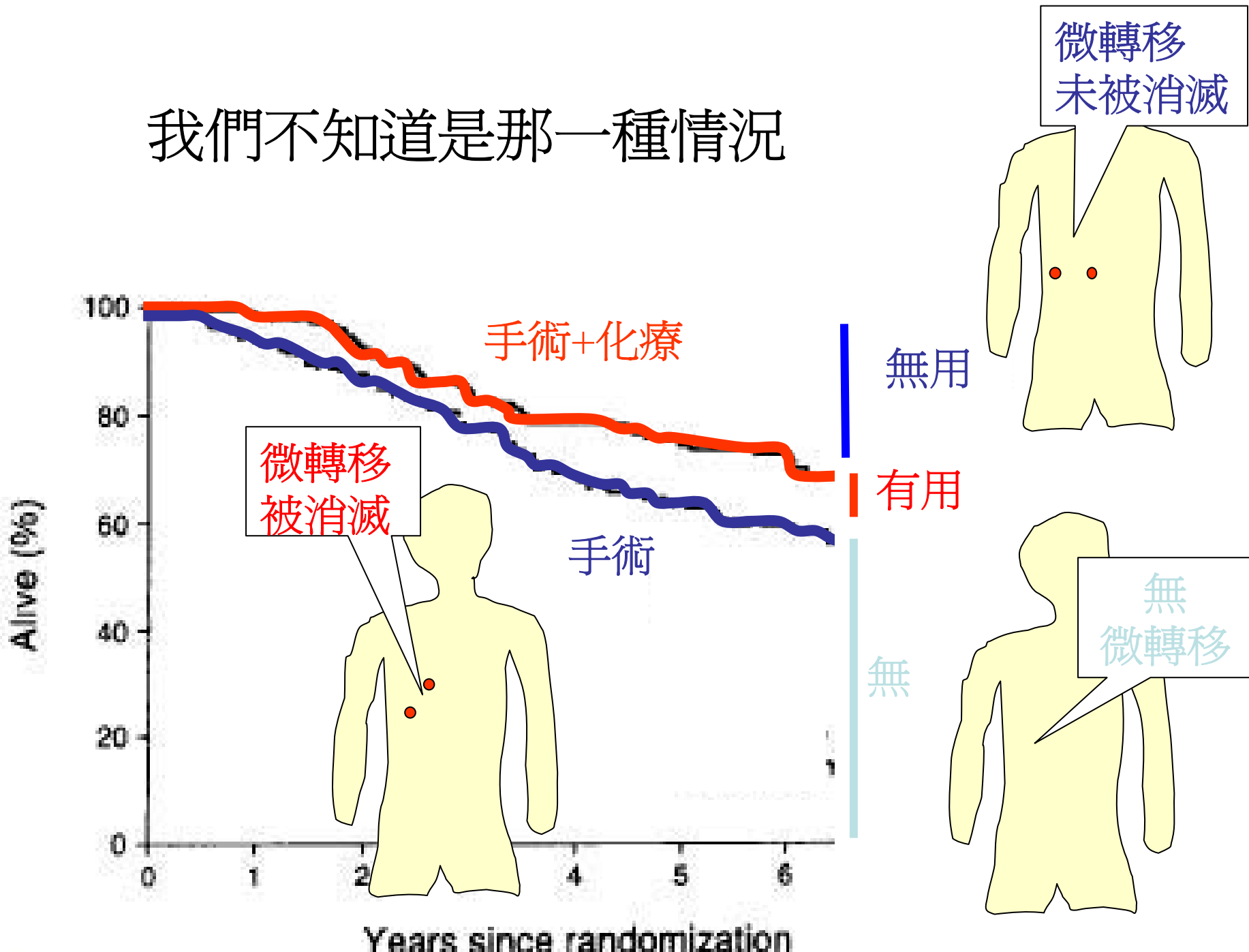
存活曲線

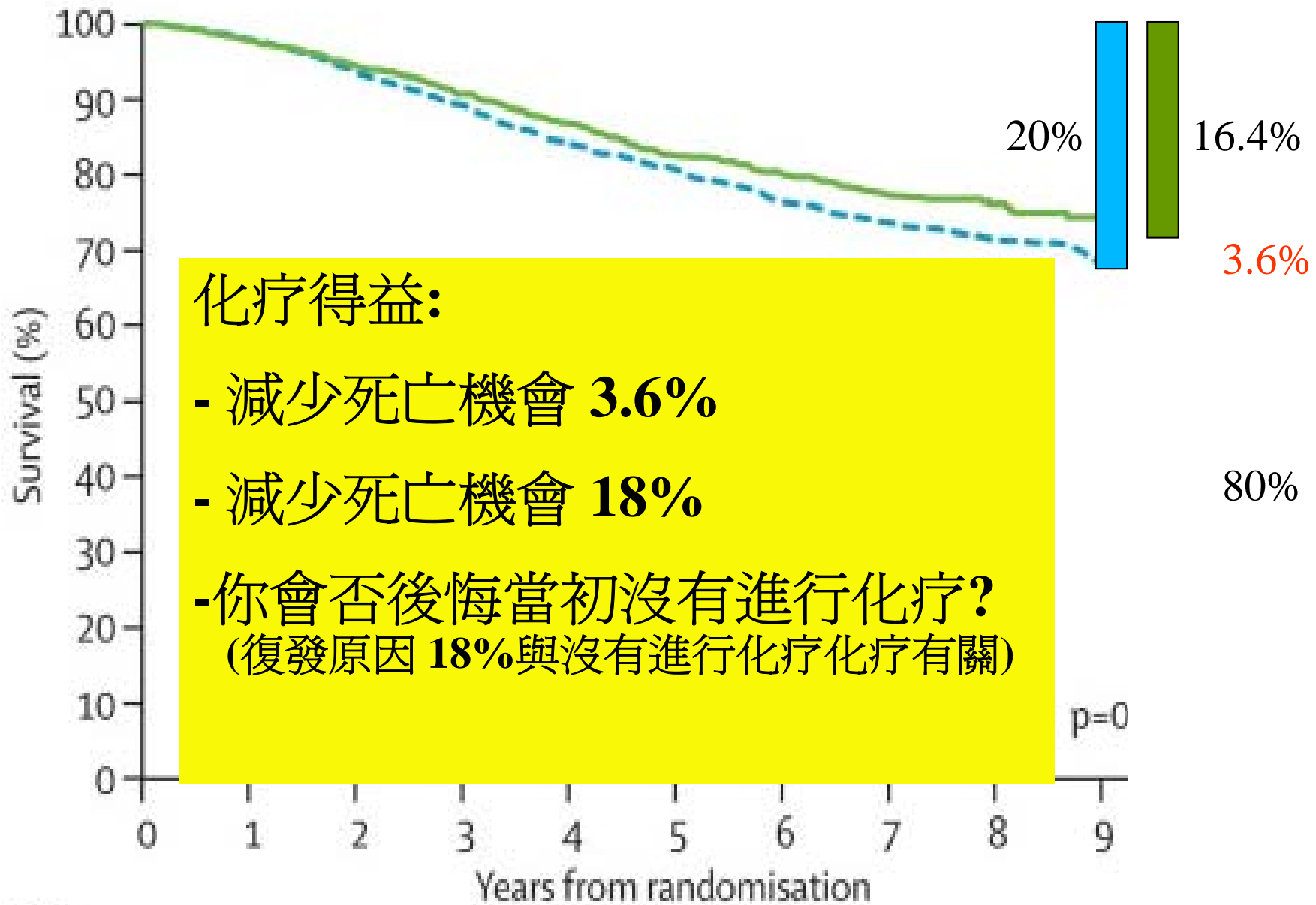


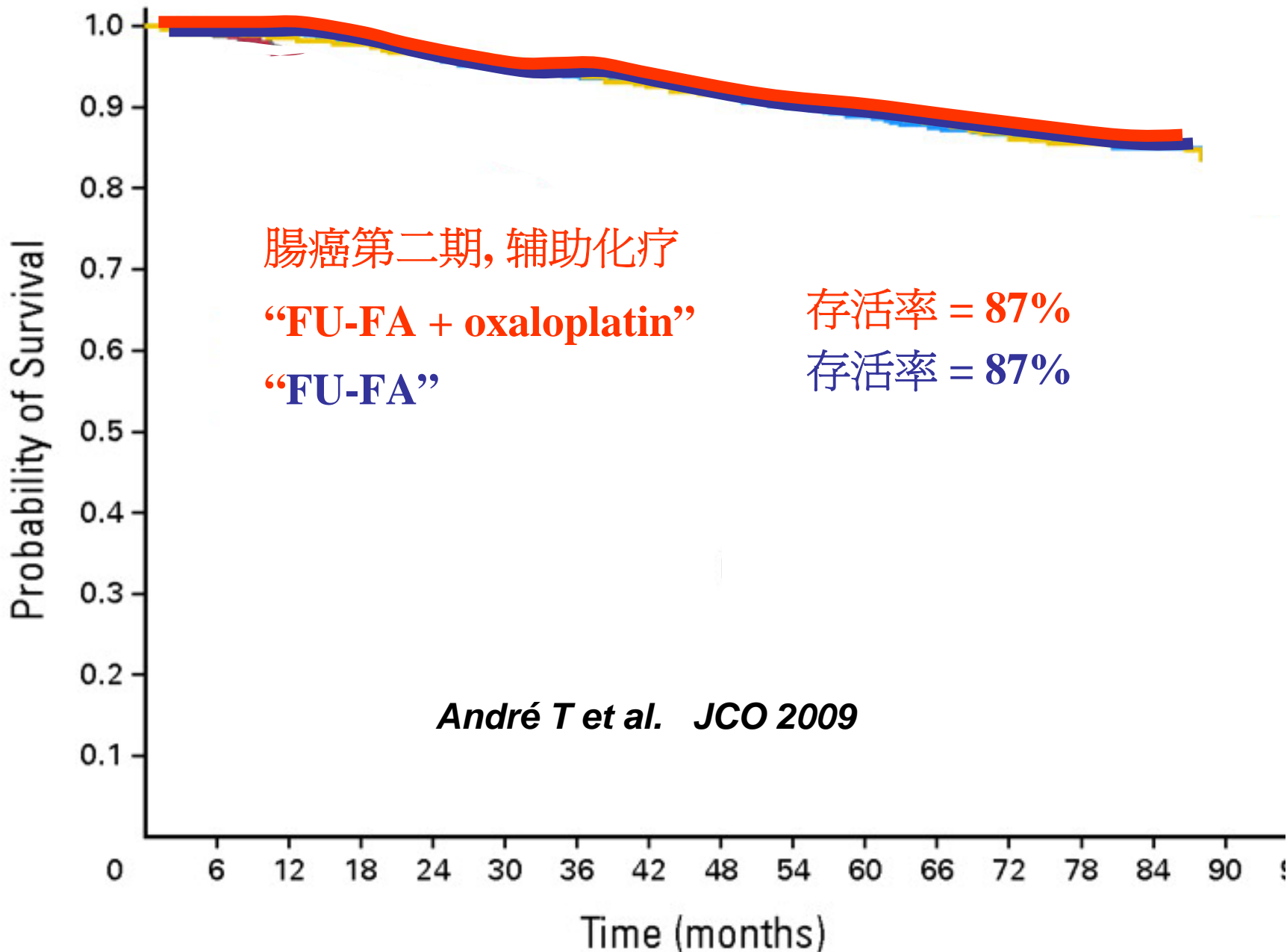
「微轉移」
Micro
metastases



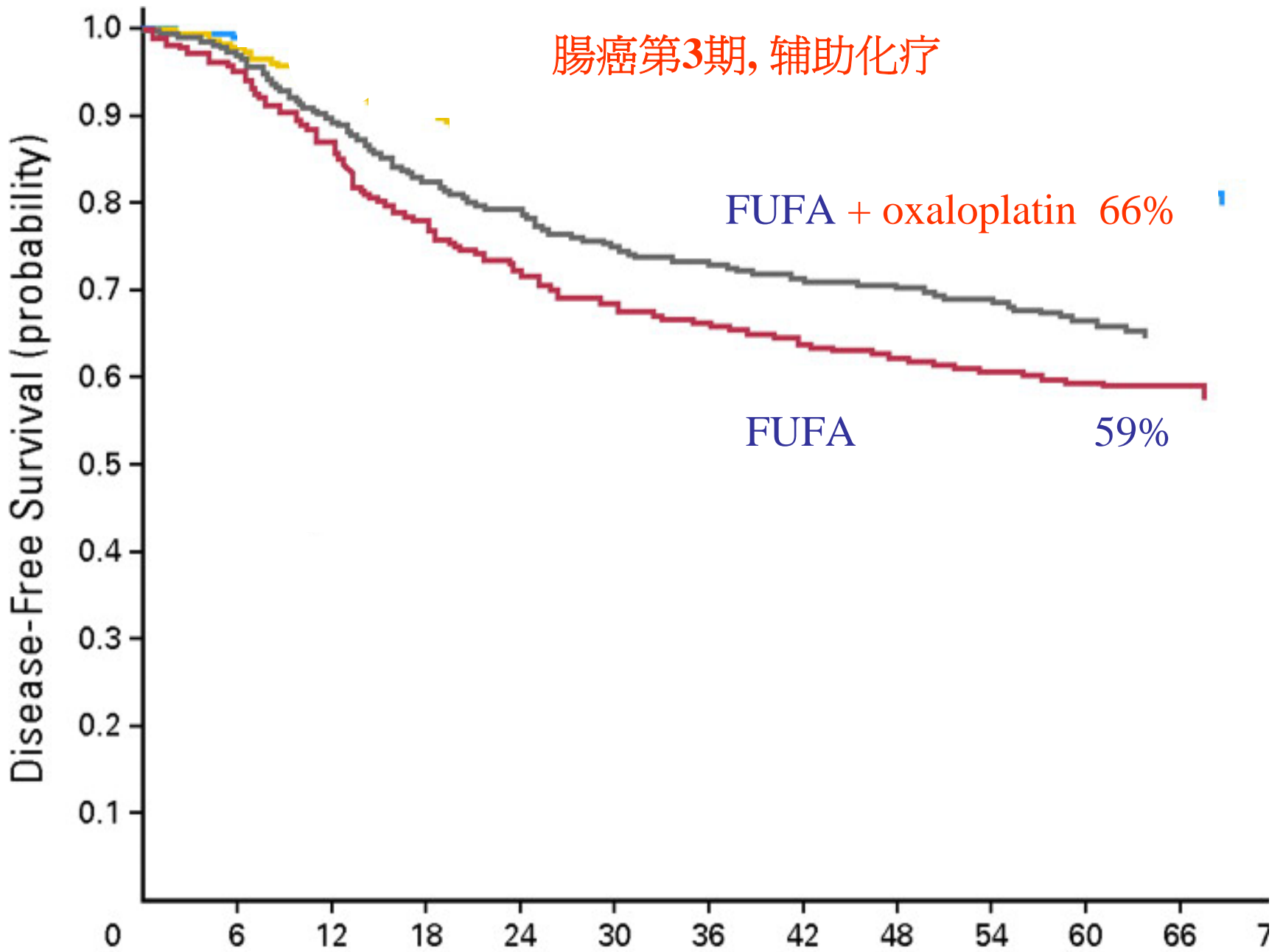
我們不知道是那一種情況







腸癌第3期, 辅助化疗

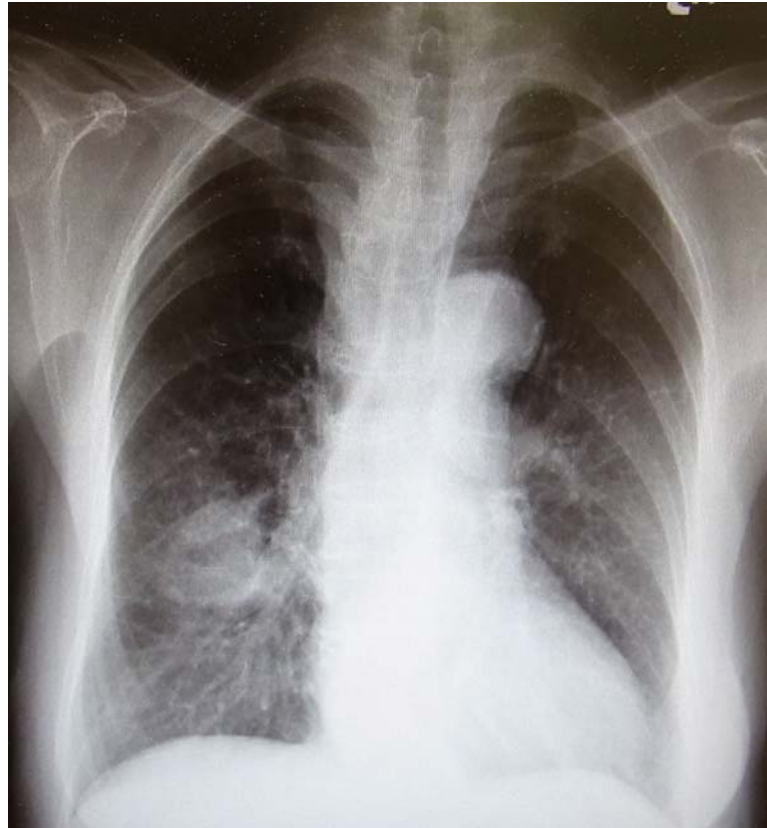


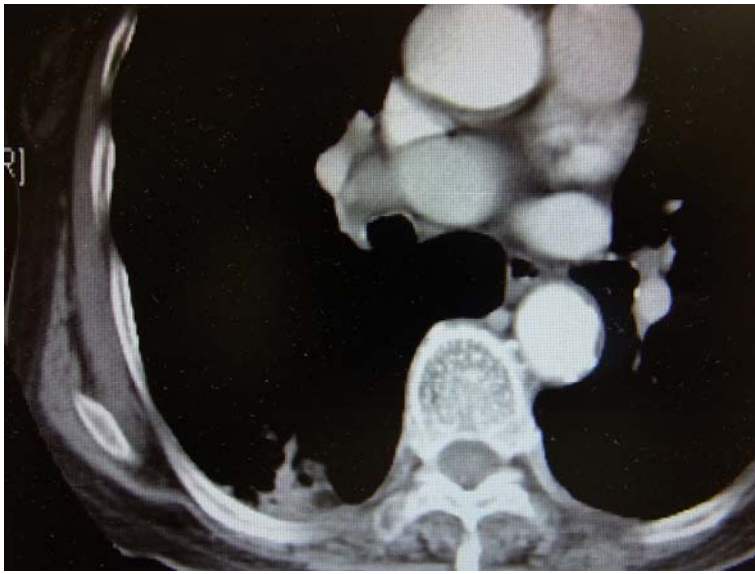
FUFA + oxaloplatin 66%

FUFA

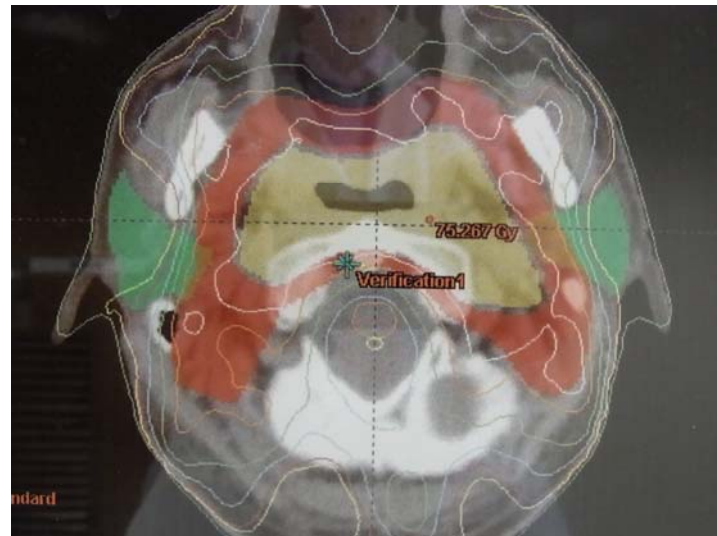
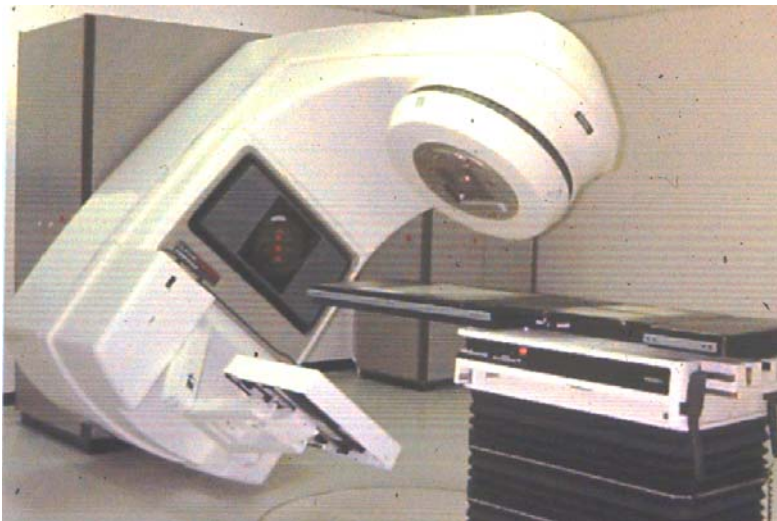
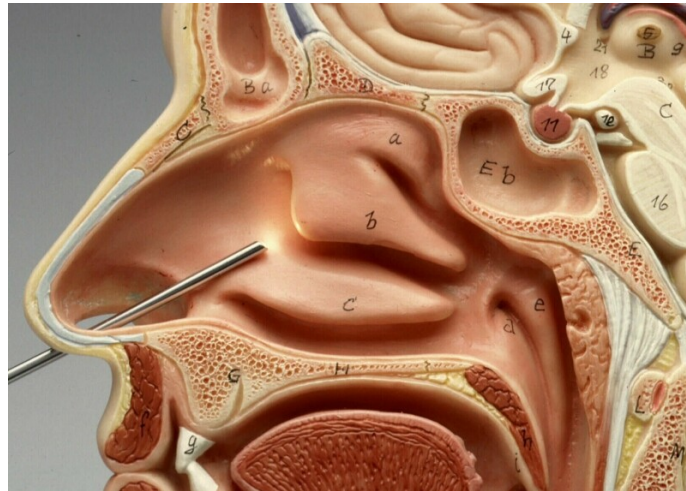
59%

“I’m old. I don’t want interventions, I’m afraid of side effects of treatment”





“I’m old. I don’t want interventions, I’m afraid of side effects of treatment”



I'm a old man, I feel happy with my life now, I don't want the side effects of treatment to disturb me. I want to go to my home village, sit outside the house under the tree, play mahjong, enjoy life



Make good use of time

預設醫療指示及預設臨終照顧計劃

『預設醫療指示』(Advance Directive)，又稱「生前預囑」(living will)，是一項有關健康護理的選擇，通常以書面作出陳述，目的是讓自己在精神上有能力作出決定時，指明自己一旦無能力作決定的時候，所希望接受的健康護理形式(法律改革委員會，2006)，例如在面臨生命即將結束時不施行心肺復甦，讓病者自然死去。關於健康護理的『預設醫療指示』，也可解釋為一種關於健康護理的「有先見之明的決定」(anticipatory decision)，目的是令到病人即使日後失去作決定的行為能力，其事先作出的決定仍可發揮效力。